MISP Dashboard
Real-time overview of threat intelligence from MISP instances

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MISP ZeroMQ
MISP includes a flexible publish-subscribe model to allow real-time integration of the MISP activities:

- Event publication
- Attribute creation or removal
- Sighting
- User login

→ Operates at global level in MISP
MISP ZeroMQ functionality can be used for various model of integration or to extend MISP functionalities:

- Real-time search of indicators into a SIEM\(^1\)
- Dashboard activities
- Logging mechanisms
- Continuous indexing
- Custom software or scripting

\(^1\)Security Information & Event Management
MISP-Dashboard: An introduction
- Subscribe to multiple ZMQ MISP instances
- Provides historical geolocalised information
- Present an experimental **Gamification of the platform**
- Shows when and how MISP is used
- Provides real time information showing current threats and activity
MISP-Dashboard: Architecture and development
Setting up the dashboard

1. Be sure to have a running redis server: e.g.
   ▶ redis-server -p 6250
2. Update your configuration in config.cfg
3. Activate your virtualenv:
   ▶ . ./DASHENV/bin/activate
4. Listen to the MISP feed by starting the zmq_subscriber:
   ▶ ./zmq_subscriber.py
5. Start the dispatcher to process received messages:
   ▶ ./zmq_dispatcher.py
6. Start the Flask server:
   ▶ ./server.py
7. Access the interface at http://localhost:8001/
MISP-Dashboard architecture
# Register your handler

dico_action = {
    "misp_json": handler_dispatcher,
    "misp_json_event": handler_event,
    "misp_json_self": handler_keepalive,
    "misp_json_attribute": handler_attribute,
    "misp_json_object": handler_object,
    "misp_json_sighting": YOUR_CUSTOM_SIGHTINGS_HANDLER,
    "misp_json_organisation": handler_log,
    "misp_json_user": handler_user,
    "misp_json_conversation": handler_conversation,
    "misp_json_object_reference": handler_log,
}


# Implement your handler

# e.g. user handler

def handler_user(zmq_name, jsondata):
    # json action performed by the user
    action = jsondata['action']
    # user json data
    json_user = jsondata['User']
    # organisation json data
    json_org = jsondata['Organisation']
    # organisation name
    org = json_org['name']
    # only consider user login
    if action == 'login':
        timestamp = time.time()
        # users_helper is a class to interact with the DB
        users_helper.add_user_login(timestamp, org)
**Future Development**

- Optimizing contribution scoring and model to encourage sharing and contributions enrichment
- Increasing geolocation coverage
- Global filtering capabilities
  - Geolocation: Showing wanted attribute or only on specific region
  - Trendings: Showing only specified taxonomies
- Tighter integration with MISP
  - Present in MISP by default
  - Authenticated / ACL enabled version
MISP-Dashboard can provide real-time information to support security teams, CSIRTs or SOC showing current threats and activity by providing:

- Historical geolocalised information
- Geospatial information from specific regions
- The most active events, categories, tags, attributes, ...

It also proposes a prototype of gamification of the platform providing incentive to share and contribute to the community.